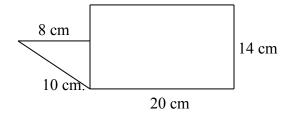
S.1

TIME: 1½ HOURS

APRIL 2012

Attempt all the questions:

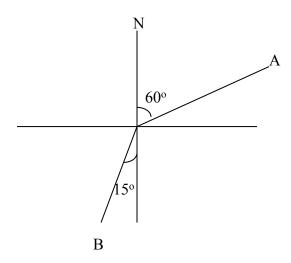
- 1. If $443_n + 561_n = 1224_n$. Find n.
- 2. Find the smallest amount of money which can be divided equally among 6 boys or 15 boys or 18 boys.
- 3. Calculate $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{4} \frac{5}{5} \text{ of } \frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{8}$
- 4. Given that $a = \frac{3}{8}$, $b = \frac{1}{5}$. Find $\frac{a+b}{a \times b}$
- 5. A triangle has angles 65° , $(2x+30)^{\circ}$, $(3x)^{\circ}$. Find the value of the smallest angle.
- 6. Express 180km/hr in m/s.
- 7. Study the figure and answer the questions that follow:



Using $\Pi = \frac{22}{7}$, find the total area and perimeter of the figure.

- 8. a) ABCDE is a regular polygon with point O at the center. Calculate the size of the angle OAB
 - b) The interior angle of regular polygon is 160° . How many sides has the polygon.
- 9. a) Think of a number x, multiply it by 2 and add 18 to it, my result is 10, find x.
 - b) Simplify $x + 2a + \frac{3x}{4} \frac{2a}{5}$

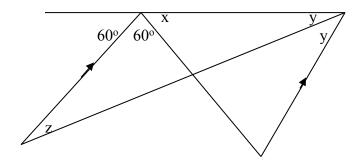
10. In the figure shown below, state the bearing of the points A and B in two different ways.



SECTION B:

- 11. A ship sails 95km on a bearing of 140° then a further 102km on a bearing of 260° and then returns directly to its starting point.
 - Find: a) the length of the return journey.
 - b) the bearing of return journey.
- 12. a) Using a pair of compasses and ruler only, construct a triangle XYZ, where XY = 8.5cm, angle $XYZ = 105^{\circ}$ and XZ = 12cm.
 - b) Measure angle X and Z and side XZ.
- 13. Joy distributed books to 60 students. She gave squared books to 34 students and lined books to 40 students. Fourteen of the students got both types. How many students received:
 - a) squared books but not lined.
 - b) lined books only?

14. a)



Calculate the size of x, y and z, giving reasons.

b) Write down the next two numbers in the following sequences:-

15. a) Plot the points A(2, 2), B(2, 11), C(6, 10) and D(6, 6)

b) What shape do you get?

c) Find the area of the shape/figure. Solutions

SENIOR ONE MATHEMATICS – REVISION TEST ONE-SOLUTIONS.

1. 443

Using $4 + 6 = 2 \pmod{n}$

$$n + 2 = 10$$

$$n = 10 - 2$$

$$n = 8$$
.

2. L.C.M of 6,15,18

2 6	∣ 15	∣ 18

3	3	15	9
3	1	5	3
5	1	5	1
	1	1	1

L.C.M =
$$2x3^2x5$$

= 90

3.
$$\frac{1}{3} + 1\frac{3}{4} - \frac{5}{5}$$
 of $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{8}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{4} - \left(1x\frac{1}{2}\right)x\frac{8}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{4} - \left(\frac{1}{2}x\frac{8}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{4} - \frac{4}{3}$$

$$= \frac{4 + 21 - 16}{12}$$

$$= \frac{9}{12}$$

4.
$$a = \frac{3}{8}$$
 $b = \frac{1}{5}$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{5}}{axb} = \frac{\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15+8}{40}}{\frac{3}{40}}$$

$$=\frac{23}{3}$$

$$= 7\frac{2}{3}$$

5.
$$65^{0} + (2x + 30)^{0} + 3x^{0} = 180^{0}$$

 $95^{0} + 5x^{0} = 180^{0}$
 $5x^{0} = 180^{0} - 95^{0}$
 $\frac{5x^{0}}{5} = \frac{85^{0}}{5}$
 $x = 17^{0}$.

Smallest angle =
$$3x^0$$

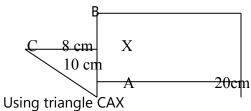
= $3x17^0$
= $_{\underline{5}1^0}$.

6. 180 Km/hr to m/s.

180Km/hr =
$$\frac{180x1000}{3600}$$

= $50m/s$.

7.



14 cm

$$Ax^{2} + 8^{2} = 10^{2}$$

$$Ax^{2} = 100 - 64$$

$$Ax^{2} = 36$$

$$Ax = \sqrt{36}$$

$$Ax = 6cm$$

∴ Bx = 14 - 6

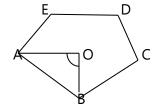
$$= 8 cm.$$

Perimeter =
$$(20 \times 2) + 14 + (8 \times 2) + 10 = 80$$
cm.

Area =
$$(20 \times 14) + \frac{1}{2}x6x8$$

= $280 + 24$
= $304cm^2$

8.



$$\angle AOB = \frac{360^{\circ}}{5}$$

= 72° .

(a)
$$\angle$$
 OAB = $\frac{180^{\circ} - 72^{\circ}}{2}$
= $\frac{108^{\circ}}{2}$
= 54°

$$= 180^{\circ} - 160^{\circ}$$
$$= 20^{\circ}.$$

Number of sides

$$= \frac{360^{\circ}}{20^{\circ}}$$

= 18 sides.

9. (a)
$$(Xx^2)-18=10$$

$$2x - 18 = 10$$

$$2x = 28$$

$$X = 14.$$

(b)Simplify:

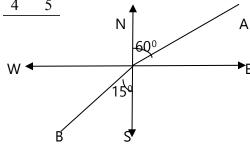
$$x + 2a + \frac{3x}{4} - \frac{2a}{5}$$

$$= \frac{20x + 40a + 15x - 8a}{20}$$

$$= \frac{35x + 32a}{20}$$

$$= \frac{7x}{4} + \frac{8a}{5}$$

10.



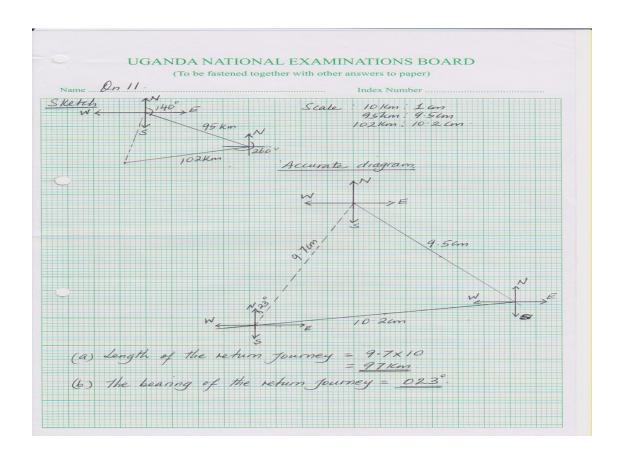
(i) Bearing of A; 060°

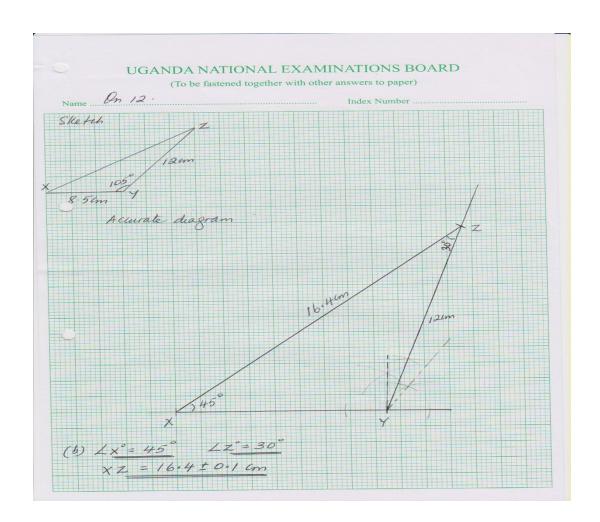
$$N60^{\circ}E$$

 $N60^{\circ}E$ (ii) Bearing of B; 195°

$$515^0W_{\bullet}$$

SECTION B





13.
$$n(E) = 60$$

$$n(S) = 34$$

$$n(l) = 40$$

$$n(Snl)=14$$

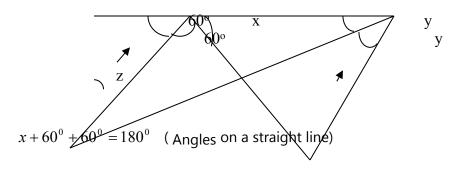
Use a Venn diagram to answer this question.

$$n(Snl^1) = 34 - 14$$

= 20 students.

$$n(lonly) = 40 - 14$$

= 26 students.



$$x + 120^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$
$$x = 180^{\circ} - 120^{\circ}$$
$$x = 60^{\circ}$$
.

 $y^0 + y^0 = 60^0$ (Co-interior angles)

$$\frac{2y^0}{2} = \frac{60^0}{2}.$$

$$y = 30^0.$$

$$y + x + 60^0 + z = 180^0$$

(Angle sum of a triangle).

$$30 + 60^{0} + 60^{0} + z = 180^{0}$$
$$150^{0} + z = 180^{0}$$

$$z = 180^{\circ} - 150^{\circ}$$

$$z=30^{\circ}.$$

(b). write down the next two numbers in the following sequences;

- (i) 1, 3. 6, 10, <u>15</u>, <u>21</u>.
- (ii) 1, 4, 20, 150, <u>840</u>, <u>6720</u>.

